

## Answer on Question #49794 – Chemistry – Physical Chemistry

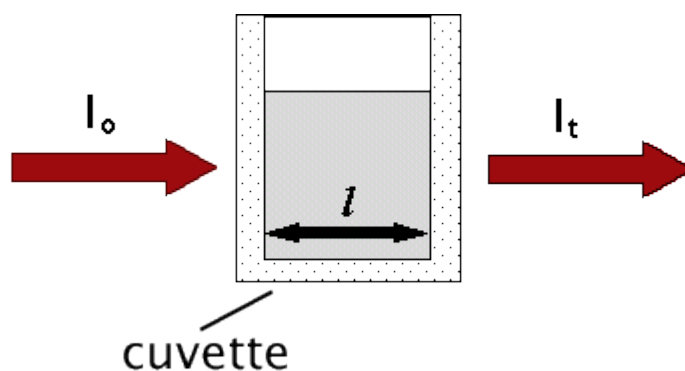
### Question:

Lambert-beer law with brief explanation.

### Answer:

#### The Beer-Lambert Law

The absorption of photons of light is described by the Beer-Lambert Law, a relationship that indicates a decrease in intensity as a beam passes through a medium that can absorb it. Consider a parallel beam of monochromatic light of initial intensity,  $I_0$ , passing through a homogeneous absorbing medium



*Schematic representation showing that light of initial intensity,  $I_0$ , passing through an absorbing medium in a cuvette with light path,  $l$ , will emerge with a final intensity,  $I_t$*

Another way of expressing this information is to use the Beer-Lambert Law. It states that the absorbance,  $A$ , of a molecular species is linearly related to the path length (centimeter),  $l$ , the absorber concentration (moles/liter),  $c$ , and the proportionality constant,  $\epsilon$ , called the molar extinction coefficient of the absorbing molecular species (liters/mole-cm) [a measure of how strongly a chemical species absorbs light at a given wavelength].

$$A = \epsilon cl$$