## Answer on Question \#48937, Chemistry, Other

Task:
A 36 g sample of water is decomposed in an electrolysis reaction giving hydrogen and oxygen. How many grams of hydrogen are produced?

## Answer:

$2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}$
$\nu=\frac{m}{M}$
$M\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)=18 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$
$v\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)=\frac{36}{18}=2 \mathrm{~mol}$
$v\left(\mathrm{H}_{2}\right)=2 v\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)=2 \cdot 2=4 \mathrm{~mol}$
$M\left(H_{2}\right)=2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$
$m\left(H_{2}\right)=v\left(H_{2}\right) \cdot M\left(H_{2}\right)=4 \cdot 2=8 g$

