

Answer on the question #48077, Chemistry, Physical Chemistry

Question:

100 mL 0.2 M $Mg(NO_3)_2$ AND 100 mL 0.2M NaF ARE MIXED.WHAT IS THE CONCENTRATION LEFT OF Mg^{2+} and F^- IN SOLUTION??? PLEASE GIVE DETAIL EXPLANATION

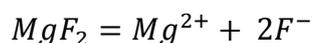
Solution:

Let's consider the following stages:

- 1) Limit precipitation

$n(Mg^{2+}) = n(F^-)/2$. As one can see, there is an excess of Mg^{2+} ions. Then, after this stage the concentrations of ions are: $c(F^-) = 0$ mol/L, $c(Mg^{2+}) = (0.2 \cdot 100 - 0.1 \cdot 100)/200 = 0.5$ mol/L

- 2) Precipitate equilibrium:



As we know from the references, the logarithm of solubility product of MgF_2 is -8.2. x is the concentration of F^- . The concentration of Mg^{2+} is $(0.5 + x)$.

$$\lg([Mg^{2+}][F^-]^2) = -8.2$$

$$\lg(x + 0.5)(x)^2 = -8.2$$

As $x \ll 0.5$:

$$0.5x^2 - 10^{-8.2} = 0$$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{10^{-8.2}}{0.5}} = 1.12 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Answer: $c(Mg^{2+}) = 0.5$ mol/L, $c(F^-) = 1.12 \cdot 10^{-4}$ mol/L