## Answer on Question#39279 - Chemistry - Other

## Question

66. Determine the mass of a nonvolatile, nonionizing compound that must be added to 3.81 kg of water to lower the freezing point to 98.70°C. The molar mass of the compound is 50.0 g/mol and the Kf for water is 1.86°C kg/mol.

- > A.> 202 g
- > B.> 133 g
- > C.> 461 g
- > D.> 9.17 g
- > E.> 18.8 g

## Answer

Obviously, the author meant that the freezing point of water is 100 °C. This is not true, but in case of test we should choose the correct option, so must use the data even if it is incorrect. The freezing point drop  $\Delta T$  is a colligative property of the solution, and for dilute solutions is found to be proportional to the molal concentration cm of the solution:

 $\Delta T = i \cdot \mu \cdot K_f$ 

where  $\mu$  is the molality of the solution, I is a van 't Hoff factor. For nonionizing compounds i = 1.

$$\mu = n(solute)/m(solvent) = \frac{m(solute)}{M(solute) \cdot m(solvent)}$$

ΔT = 100-98.7=1.3

The formula for the mass of solute is:

$$m(solute) = \frac{\Delta T \cdot M(solute) \cdot m(solvent)}{i \cdot K_f} = 133$$

So, the correct answer is B.