

A given mass of gas occupies 1000 ml at 0 degree Celsius. What volume will the mass of gas occupy at 20 degrees?

Solution

$$\frac{p_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{p_2 V_2}{T_2}$$

Since this is an isobaric process, so the pressure is constant.

$$\frac{V_1}{T_1} = \frac{V_2}{T_2}$$

The volume the mass of gas will be

$$V_2 = \frac{V_1 T_2}{T_1}$$

however Celsius to be converted to degrees Kelvin

$$V_2 = \frac{1000 \times 273.15 \text{ K}}{273.15 \text{ K}} = 1000 \text{ l} = 1000 \text{ ml}$$

Answer: 1000 ml